Patrons and Painters in Elizabethan and Stuart England

Articles in books

	ething from an essay by John Ga guidance see the <i>MHRA Style G</i>		ok edited by Robert Hoozee. How do dn., section 11.2.3 [p.63]).	мс
Default mark:		1	,	
Shuffle the choices?		Yes		
Number the ch	oices?	а		
Penalty for eac	ch incorrect try:	0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
A.	John Gage, in Robert Hoozee, Vision: observation and imagina British Art, 1750-1950 (2008), p	ation in	Well done for putting the essay title in inverted commas and the book title in italics. You need to give the full title for Gage's essay, and say that Hoozee is the book's editor (in this reference it is not clear whether he is the editor or the author). You should also give the place of publication and the publisher.	o
B.	John Gage, 'The Vision of Landscape', in Robert Hoozee ed., <i>British Vision: observation and imagination in British Art</i> , 1750-1950 (Ghent: Fonds Mercartor, 2008), p.45.		This is correct - well done!	100
C.	John Gage, 'The Vision of Land in Hoozee, <i>Observation and</i> <i>Imagination</i> , p.45.	dscape',	This would be correct for a second or subsequent reference, but you need all the details for the first reference.	o
D. Gage, The Vision of Landscape, in Hoozee, British Vision, 2008.		There are a lot of omissions here: you need the full name of the author and editor, the full title of the essay and the book; you also need to say that Hoozee is the editor, and you need to give the place of publication and publisher. Finally (and really important!), you need to give a page reference if you've used a direct quotation or you're referring to a specific page or pages.	0	
	General feedback:			
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	<u> </u>
	Hint 1: Show the number of correct r (Hint 1):	esponses	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (Hi	nt 1):	No	
	Tags:			
Allows the sele	ction of a single or multiple respo	nses from	a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	

Articles in books again

			e in a book that he also edited. How do	мс
	or guidance see the MHRA Sty	<i>le Gulae</i> , 3rd	ean., section 11.2.3 [p.63]).	
Default mark:		1		
Shuffle the ch	· · · ·	Yes		
Number the ch		а		
	ch incorrect try:	0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
A.	Introduction, p.11.		Nul points! Almost everything is missing from this reference. Author's name, editor's name (even if it's the same person), book title in italics, place, date of publication, and publisher.	0
B.	Robert Hoozee, Introduction, in Robert Hoozee ed., British Vision: observation and imagination in British Art, 1750-1950 (Ghent: Fonds Mercartor, 2008).		Almost right! Put the essay title in inverted commas and the book title in italics, and remember to give the page number too.	o
C.	Hoozee, 'Introduction', in Hoo British Vision, p.11.	ze ed.,	This would be right if it was the second reference to the essay, but you need to give the full details (including full names) for the first reference.	0
D.	Robert Hoozee, 'Introduction', Hoozee ed., <i>British Vision: ob</i> and imagination in British Art, (Ghent: Fonds Mercartor, 200	servation 1750-1950	Correct! It seems a bit laborious to repeat his name but it makes the reference very easy to understand.	100
	General feedback:			
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:			
	Show the number of correct (Hint 1):	responses	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (I	Hint 1):	No	
	Tags:	-		

Articles in journals

You quote some		do vou refe	er to the article in your footnote? (For	
	ne MHRA Style Guide, 3rd edn.,			МС
Default mark:			LI J/	
Shuffle the cho	oices?	Yes		
Number the ch	oices?	а		
Penalty for eac	ch incorrect try:	0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
A.	Richard Taws, Ruins and Repu Oxford Art Journal, 36 (3), 2013 470.	•	All the information is there, but you need to put the article title in inverted commas and the journal title in brackets.	o
B.	Richard Taws, Ruins and Reputations, in Oxford Art Journal, 2013, pp.467-470.		Most of the information is there but you should give details about the volume and number of the journal.	o
C.	Richard Taws, Oxford Art Journ pp.467-470.	nal, 2013,	No: the author's name is incomplete, you need to include the title, the journal name should be in italics, and you need to give the volume and issue numbers.	o
D.	Richard Taws, 'Ruins and Reputations', D. in <i>Oxford Art Journal</i> , 36 (3), 2013, pp.467-470.		Yes - all the required information is here and it's correctly formatted.	100
	General feedback:			
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:			
	Show the number of correct r (Hint 1):	responses	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (Hi	int 1):	No	
	Tags:			
Allows the selec	ction of a single or multiple respo	onses from a	a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	

Later references from an edited book

Later referer	nces from an edited book	<u> </u>		
			quote from <i>The Book of the Courtier</i>	
many times, be	cause it is set at the ducal cour	t in Urbino a	and they talk about Raphael a lot. How	мс
do you write a r	reference the second time you	quote from 7	The Book of the Courtier? (For guidance	IVIC
see the MHRA	Style Guide, 3rd edn., section	11.3 [p.76]).	, ,	
Default mark:		1		
Shuffle the cho	oices?	Yes		
Number the ch	oices?	а		
Penalty for eac	ch incorrect try:	0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
A.	The Book of the Courtier, p.12	29.	Wrong - you need to say who the author is, since there may be more than one work called <i>The Book of the Courtier</i> .	0
В.	Castiglione, p.129.		If you're only referring to one work by Castiglione in your essay this would be okay, but there's still room for ambiguity. (After the first reference you could always write 'hereafter referred to as Castiglione'). Half a point.	50
C.	Bull ed., Book of the Courtier,	p.129.	Bull is the translator and editor, but not the author. You must always give the author's name in a reference.	o
D. Castligione, <i>The Book of the Courtier</i> , p.129.		This is good, since you give both the author's name and the title of the book, and the reader will assume you're referring to the translation and edition by George Bull since you gave those details in the first reference.	100	
	General feedback:			
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:			
	Show the number of correct (Hint 1):	responses	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (I	lint 1):	No	
	Tags:	-		

Allows the selection of a single or multiple responses from a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)

Later references from articles in journals

quoted from the acknowledge the	article earlier in your essay an e article as the source for your	d have give ideas and r	ant to acknowledge this. You have n a full reference. How do you eference it for a second time? (For	МС
	e MHRA Style Guide, 3rd edn.	, section 11	.3 [p./6]).	
Default mark:		1		
Shuffle the choi		Yes		
Number the cho		a		
Penalty for each		0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
A.	I have taken some of the idea paragraph from Richard Taws and Reputations', <i>Oxford Art</i> 36 (3), 2013, pp.467-470.	s, 'Ruins	All the required information is here but you've already given a full reference for this article so you can make it shorter. The rule for later references is that you should use the shortest intelligible form.	o
B.	I have taken some of the ideas in this B. paragraph from Taws, 'Ruins and Reputations', p.468.		Yes: this acknowledges your source and it gives a short reference which is appropriate if you've given a full reference in an earlier footnote. It's helpful to give a specific page reference if you've taken an idea mentioned on a particular page.	100
C.	Richard Taws, 'Ruins and Rep Oxford Art Journal, 36 (3), 20 pp.467-470.		You forgot to say that this is the source for your ideas rather than the source for a direct quotation. Remember that you don't need to give the full reference. A short reference will do, eg. 'Ruins and Reputations'.	0
D. See Taws, <i>op cit</i> .		The format for the reference isn't correct, since most people no longer use Latinisms such as <i>op cit</i> or <i>ibid</i> . Also, 'see' doesn't really describe your relation to the article: is it a source for ideas, or a source for a direct quotation, or are you saying it is a source of further reading for your reader?	o	
	General feedback:		Ţ,	
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:			
	Show the number of correct (Hint 1):	responses	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (F	lint 1):	No	
	Tags:			
	tion of a single or multiple resp	onses from	a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	
2112 1112 22100			- p - 20	

Later references from books

		by by Kevin Sharpe for a second time in your e MHRA Style Guide, 3rd edn., section 11.3	1C
Default mark	x: 1		
Shuffle the c		/es	
lumber the			
	each incorrect try:		
#	Answers	,	rade
A.	Sharpe, Selling the Tudor Monarc p.14.	Correct - the author's surname and a short title and page number make it clear which book you're referring to. The rule for later references is that you should use the shortest intelligible form. Since Kevin Sharpe has written a great deal and you may refer to more than one of his publications you should give a short title along with his name.	00
В.	Sharpe, p.14.	This could be okay but if you refer to more than one publication by Kevin Sharpe in the same essay you must identify which publication you mean. Half a point.	0
C.	Selling the Tudor Monarchy p.14.	Wrong - you always need to credit the author!	
D.		Nowadays we don't tend to use 'op cit' and other Latinisms. Some publishers like them but the MHRA doesn't use them and you should not assume that this is the correct way to refer to books in references. Instead you should give a short title for the book in question.	
	General feedback:		
	For any correct response:	Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:	Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:		
	Show the number of correct res (Hint 1):	NO	
	Clear incorrect responses (Hint	1) : No	
	Tags:		
Allows the se	election of a single or multiple respons	es from a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	

Quoting a source which is cited in another source

Default mark: 2 Shuffle the choices? Yes	You're reading about a portrait of Henry VII on the National Portrait Gallery's <i>Tudor and Jacobean Portraits Database</i> . It quotes something from Roy Strong. This is what the website says: 'This portrait is the most important surviving image of Henry VII and has been considered a "prime document in the iconography of Tudor royalty" (Strong, 1969, p.150)'. You want to use Strong's quote but you don't have time to read the book itself. How do you write the reference? (For guidance see the <i>MHRA Style Guide</i> , 3rd edn., section 11.2.14 [p.73]). This is a hard one so a bonus point if you get it right!					
Shuffle the choices? Yes		2	•			
Number the choices? Penalty for each incorrect try: #Answers Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits (London: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p. 150, quoted in Antrait Conservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/porfraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/porfraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/porfraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/porfrait lell the reader that the quotation is from a book by Roy Strong, and that I found the quotation on a website rather than in the book itself. This doesn't tell the reader anything about the book where the quotation is taken from. Since Roy Strong may have published more than one thing in 1969, you need to give the book title and the associated details (place of publication and publisher). If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame the website itself. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. General feedback: For any correct response: For any incorrect response: Your answer is correct. Your answer is incorrect. Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1):		Yes				
Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in shittp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in shittp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in shittp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. This doesn't tell the reader anything about the book itself. This doesn't tell the reader anything about the book where the quotation is taken from. Since Roy Strong may have published more than one thing in 1969, you need to give the book title and the associated details (place of publication and publisher). If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame the website itself.						
Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits (London: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p. 150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portraitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. It is doesn't tell the reader anything about the book where the quotation is taken from. Since Roy Strong may have published more than one thing in 1969, you need to give the book title and the associated details (place of publication and publisher). If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame the website itself. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong are defended to give a reference for the book and also give the full website address too. General feedback: For any correct response: Your answer is incorrect. For any incorrect responses (Hint 1): Show the number of correct						
Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits (London: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p.150, quoted in Antro-March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Strip://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portaitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Strip://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portaitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in Strip://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/portaitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits Quondon: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p.150. Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits Quondon: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p.150. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1). No		<u> </u>	Feedback	Grade		
Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quoted in shttp://www.npg.org.uk/collections/search/por traitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26 March 2014]. Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits QLondon: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p.150. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. Por any correct response: For any incorrect responses (Hint 1): Roy Strong, 1969, p.150, quotied in shaken from. Since Roy Strong may have published more than one thing in 1969, you need to give the book title and the associated details (place of publication and publisher). If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame the website itself. There's too little information here! You need to give a full reference for the book and also give the full website address too. General feedback: For any correct response: Your answer is correct. Your answer is incorrect. Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1):	Roy Strong, <i>Tudor and Jacobean</i> (London: National Portrait Gallery p.150, quoted in http://www.npg.org.uk/collection.traitConservation/mw03078/> [acc	, 1969), s/search/por	Correct! The website gave a reference for the book so I looked it up on Amazon and got the full details. The reference looks bulky but it tells the reader that the quotation is from a book by Roy Strong, and that I found the quotation on a website rather than in the			
Roy Strong, Tudor and Jacobean Portraits (London: National Portrait Gallery, 1969), p.150. National Portrait Gallery website, quoting Roy Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. General feedback: For any correct response: No Strong incorrect responses (Hint 1): Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1): If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame the website itself. There's too little information here! You need to give a full reference for the book and also give the full website address too. 9 Your answer is correct. Your answer is incorrect.	<pre><http: collections="" por<br="" search="" www.npg.org.uk="">traitConservation/mw03078/> [accessed 26</http:></pre>		the book where the quotation is taken from. Since Roy Strong may have published more than one thing in 1969, you need to give the book title and the associated details (place of	o		
Strong [accessed 26 March 2014]. General feedback: For any correct response: Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1): No To give a full reference for the book and also give the full website address too. Vour answer is correct. Your answer is incorrect. No	(London: National Portrait Gallery, 1969),		If you haven't read the book itself you shouldn't give a reference like this. You found the quotation on a website and you need to say so. After all, the website may have got the quote or reference wrong, but if you say that the website is your source then your reader will not blame you - they'll blame	o		
For any correct response: For any incorrect response: Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1): Your answer is correct. Your answer is incorrect.	National Portrait Gallery website, Strong [accessed 26 March 2014	quoting Roy	to give a full reference for the book and also	o		
For any incorrect response: Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1): No	General feedback:					
Hint 1: Show the number of correct responses (Hint No	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.			
Show the number of correct responses (Hint No	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.			
1):	Hint 1:					
(1) (1)	Show the number of correct res	ponses (Hint	No			
Clear incorrect responses (Hint 1): INO	Clear incorrect responses (Hint	1):	No			
Tags:	Tags:					
Allows the selection of a single or multiple responses from a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)		tiple response	s from a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)			

Reference works

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popular book a named as the a	nd in its second edition, which on the control of the second edition, which on the second in the second in the second edition, which is the second edition in the second edition edition in the second edition edition in the second edition e	complicates MHRA Style	of Philosophy. How do you do it? It is a matters! (Note that only one person is Guide, 3rd edn., section 11.2.2 [p.59],	мс
	n 11.2.3 [p.63] for reference wo	rks where the	nere are multiple authors).	
Default mark:		1		
Shuffle the cho	pices?	Yes		
Number the ch	ioices?	а		
Penalty for eac	ch incorrect try:	0		
#	Answers		Feedback	Grade
Α.	Simon Blackburn ed., <i>The Ox Dictionary of Philosophy</i> , (Oxford University Press, 2005)	ford: 5).	Almost! You need to give the page number, and also the edition of the work after the title.	o
В.	Simon Blackburn ed., <i>The Ox Dictionary of Philosophy</i> , 2nd (Oxford: Oxford University Pre 2005), p.159.	edn.	Correct! Well done.	100
C.	The Oxford Dictionary of Philo	osophy.	No - almost everything is missing from this reference: author's name, the title should be in italics, you should say it's the second edition, and give the place of publication and publisher, date of publication, and page reference.	o
D.	D. Blackburn, <i>The Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy</i> , p.159.		This would be fine for the second reference, but you need a full reference for the first time you refer to it in a footnote.	o
	General feedback:			
	For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:			
	Show the number of correct (Hint 1):	responses	INO	
	Clear incorrect responses (I	Hint 1):	No	
	Tags:			
Allows the sele	ction of a single or multiple resp	oonses from	a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	

Reference works online

In a later essay you want to quote the *Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy* again, but rather than get a paper copy from the library you consult the online version via the database page on UCL's electronic library. How do you give a correct reference for an online source? (See the MHRA Style Guide, 3rd edn., section 11.2.14 [p.73] for more guidance).

Default mark:	1
Shuffle the choices?	Yes
Number the choices?	a
Penalty for each incorrect try:	n

	incorrect try: 0	V	1
#	Answers	Feedback	Grade
A.	Simon Blackburn, 'Kant, Immanuel', <i>The Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy</i> , 2nd edn, rev. http://www.oxfordreference.com [accessed 26 March 2014].	Correct - this has all the requirements. NOTE that the online version is a revised second edition, rather than just a second edition, and I have incorporated that in the reference.	100
B.	Simon Blackburn, 'Kant, Immanuel', <i>The Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy</i> , 2nd edn, rev. http://www.oxfordreference.com >.	Not quite: the reference is okay but you need to say when you accessed the source.	o
C.	http://www.oxfordreference.com.	Argh! This reference could refer to anything on the oxfordreference.com website, which is enormous. Many of their dictionaries have entries on Kant (eg. Dictionary of aesthetics, Dictionary of religion) so you need to specify which publication you're referring to, as well as the author, and the date you accessed it.	0
D.	Simon Blackburn, 'Kant, Immanuel', <http: www.oxfordreference.com=""> [accessed 26 March 2014].</http:>	You need to say which publication you're referring to. Simon Blackburn may have written more than one thing on Kant which appears on the oxfordreference.com website.	o
	General feedback:		
	For any correct response:	Your answer is correct.	
	For any incorrect response:	Your answer is incorrect.	
	Hint 1:		
	Show the number of correct responses (Hint 1):	No	
	Clear incorrect responses (Hint 1):	No	
	Tags:		
Allows the selec	tion of a single or multiple responses from a	a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	

Websites

	ition. You do	ry's website has a great <u>'Tudor and Jacobean</u> on't quote from it directly but you want to cite it trait of Henry VII. How do you do it?	мс
Default mark:	1	·	
Shuffle the choices?	Yes		
Number the choices?	а		
Penalty for each incorrect try:	0		
#Answers		Feedback	Grade
<pre><www.npg.org.uk +vii&oconly="true&role=sit&rNo=" 2014]<="" 26="" [accessed="" collections="" kii="" linkid="mp02144&search=sas&sT" march="" mw03078="" portraitconservation="" pre="" sear="" vii?=""></www.npg.org.uk></pre>	ng-Henry- ext=henry	Technically this is correct - so half a mark - but the URL is very, very long! If you can abbreviate it so it still takes you to the correct address, that would be better.	50
http://www.npg.org.uk/collections portraitConservation/mw03078/> 26 March 2014].		Very good! The URL is shorter than before but it will still work, and you've also told the reader when you accessed the page. This is important because it might change at a later date.	100
National Portrait Gallery website, 26 March 2014.	accessed	This isn't much good: you need to give a specific URL reference, just as you would give a specific page reference with a printed book.	o
www.npg.org.uk/collections/		This is no good: the URL isn't specific - it's like referring to a book but not the actual page. You also need to say when you accessed it.	0
General feedback:			
For any correct response:		Your answer is correct.	
For any incorrect response:		Your answer is incorrect.	
Hint 1:			
Show the number of correct res (Hint 1):	ponses	No	
Clear incorrect responses (Hint	1):	No	
Tags:			
Allows the selection of a single or mul	tiple respon	ses from a pre-defined list. (MC/MA)	